

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifiers

Product name : Water and Dust Repellent Nano Coating Solution  
Product code : A1-2  
Brand : Nano Coating Tech

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Building & Construction Materials

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nano Coating Tech Co., Ltd.  
208/1 Ranong 1 road, Thanonnakornchaisri, Dusit, Bangkok  
10300. Thailand (Head official)  
Telephone : +66 828 239796

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225  
Skin irritation (Category 2), H315  
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336  
Aspiration hazard (Category 1), H304  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic (Category 2), H411  
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
Pictogram



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 : Causes skin irritation.  
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 : Avoid breathing vapours.  
P273 : Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 : Wear protective gloves.  
P301 + P310 : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P331 : Do NOT induce vomiting.

Supplemental Hazard Statements  
None

### 2.3. Other hazards: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### **3.1. Substances**

Synonyms	: Colloidal silica in Hexyl hydride Colloidal silica in Hexane	
Content	: 20%V of Colloidal silica 80%V of Hexane	
Molecular weight	: 71.9 g/mol	
CAS-No.	Colloidal silica: 7631-86-9	Hexane: 110-54-3
EC-No.	Colloidal silica: 231-545-4	Hexane: 203-777-6

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **4.1. Description of first aid measures**

##### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

##### **If inhaled**

Move the affected person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician. Hexane vapours may cause dizziness, drowsiness, and central nervous system depression.

##### **In case of skin contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Consult a physician if irritation persists. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

##### **In case of eye contact**

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

##### **If swallowed**

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Seek medical attention immediately. Hexane ingestion may be harmful and can cause aspiration pneumonia.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- May cause central nervous system effects: dizziness, drowsiness, headache, nausea.
- Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to neuropathy (peripheral nerve damage).
- Skin irritation and dryness.
- Eye irritation.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Symptomatic treatment.
- In case of inhalation of high concentrations, provide oxygen and monitor for respiratory distress.
- No specific antidote available.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

##### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Water spray may be used to cool containers but is not effective to extinguish flames on large spills.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire, may produce carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) and low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel to ignition sources.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective clothing.

### **5.4. Further information**

Use water spray to cool unopened containers to prevent pressure build-up. Do not allow fire-fighting water to enter drains or watercourses.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Evacuate all non-essential personnel from the area.
- Remove all sources of ignition (sparks, flames, hot surfaces).
- Avoid breathing vapours; provide adequate ventilation.
- Hexane vapours are heavier than air and can accumulate in low areas, forming explosive mixtures.
- Use personal protective equipment as described in Section 8 (gloves, goggles, protective clothing, respiratory protection).

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Do not allow product to enter drains, surface water, or soil.
- Contain any escaped material immediately to avoid environmental contamination.

### **6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

- Small spills: Absorb with inert material (sand, earth, vermiculite) and collect in suitable, labeled containers for disposal.
- Large spills: Use explosion-proof pumps or wet-brushing.
- Ensure electrical equipment is explosion-proof.
- Dispose of collected material according to local regulations (see Section 13).

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

- See Section 7 for safe handling.
- See Section 8 for personal protection.
- See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Avoid inhalation of vapours or mist; Hexane vapours can cause dizziness, drowsiness, and central nervous system effects.
- Keep away from sources of ignition – no smoking, sparks, open flames, or hot surfaces.
- Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge (use grounding and bonding).
- Ensure adequate ventilation, preferably with local exhaust at points of vapour release.
- For further precautions, see Section 2.2 (Hazard identification and H/P statements).

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place, away from direct sunlight and heat sources.
- Keep containers tightly closed and upright.
- Store under inert gas if possible to reduce oxidation risk.
- Hexane is highly flammable; keep away from oxidizing agents, strong acids, and halogenated compounds.
- Storage class (TRGS 510): Flammable liquids.
- Avoid storage in confined spaces where vapours could accumulate.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

- Occupational exposure limits (OELs) for Hexane (n-Hexane, CAS 110-54-3):
  - ACGIH TLV (USA): 50 ppm (TWA)
  - OSHA PEL (USA): 500 ppm (ceiling)
  - EU Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit: 20 ppm (8h TWA)
- Colloidal silica: No occupational exposure limits established; treat as nuisance dust.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use local exhaust ventilation to control vapours and prevent accumulation of flammable Hexane vapours.
- Ensure explosion-proof electrical equipment in areas with vapours.

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

##### Skin protection

Handle with chemical-resistant gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

##### Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm

Break through time: 480 min

##### Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm

Break through time: 60 min

##### Body Protection

Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

##### Respiratory protection

If exposure exceeds limits, use air-purifying respirators with organic vapour cartridges (type ABEK, EN 14387) or full-face supplied air respirator. Ensure respirators are tested and approved under appropriate standards (NIOSH, CEN).

##### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent spills from entering drains, watercourses, or soil. This product is toxic to aquatic life at high concentrations; contain spills immediately.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance

Form: liquid

Colour: cleared-yellow

b) Odour	hydrocarbon-like
c) Odour Threshold	1-10 ppm
d) pH	No data available
e) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -95 °C
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	68-70 °C
g) Flash point	-22.0 °C - closed cup
h) Evaporation rate	3.0
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 18 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1.2 %(V)
k) Vapour pressure	124 mmHg at 20.0 °C 150 mmHg at 25.0 °C
l) Vapour density	3.0
m) Relative density	0.655 g/mL at 20°C 0.660 g/mL at 25 °C
n) Water solubility	Practically insoluble
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 3.9
p) Auto-ignition temperature	225.0 °C
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	0.30 mPa·s
s) Explosive properties	Not explosive under normal conditions.
t) Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing
<b>9.2. Other safety information</b>	
Surface tension	18-19 mN/m at 25.0 °C

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction is known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, sparks, static discharge, and other sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 25,000 mg/kg (A1-2)

Remarks: Central nervous system depression; may cause altered sleep time, loss of righting reflex, and somnolence.

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 8 h - 16000 ppm (A1-2)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 3,000 mg/kg (A1-2)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin – Rabbit (A1-2)

Result: Mild skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes – Rabbit (A1-2)

Result: Mild eye irritation - 24 h

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Skin – Human (A1-2)

Result: Mild skin irritation

Pulmonary cell – Human (A1-2)

Result: Passed

**Carcinogenicity**

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. (A1-2)

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available (A1-2)

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Inhalation, Oral- May cause drowsiness or dizziness due to central nervous system depression. (A1-2)

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Inhalation- Prolonged exposure may cause damage to the peripheral nervous system.(A1-2)

**Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. (A1-2)

**Additional Information**

RTECS: MN9275000

Central nervous system depression, prolonged or repeated exposure can cause:, Nausea, Headache, Vomiting, Narcosis, Drowsiness, Overexposure may cause mild, reversible liver effects.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. (A1-2)

Kidney - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (A1-2)

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) – 2.5 mg/l– 96h (A1-2)

Toxicity to daphnia EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) – 3.9 mg/l - 48 h (A1-2)

Toxicity to algae EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - > 100.00 mg/l - 72 h (A1-2)

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Readily biodegradable under aerobic conditions.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

Bioaccumulation is possible (log Pow = 3.4).

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Highly volatile; expected to have high mobility in soil. Evaporates rapidly from soil and water surfaces.

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance is not considered to be PBT or vPvB according to current regulatory criteria.

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects due to volatility and narcotic effects.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber b highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID: 1208                      IMDG: 1208                      IATA: 1208

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID:                      Modified Colloidal Silica

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3                      IMDG: 3                      IATA: 3

### 14.4. Packaging group

ADR/RID: II                      IMDG: II                      IATA: II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No                      IMDG Marine pollutant: No                      IATA: No

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment and take measures to prevent static discharge.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has **not** been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

This material is intended for industrial manufacturing only. Not for food, drug, cosmetic or consumer use. The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any process.